# **PRIMARY LANGUAGE ARTS SYLLABUS CLASS THREE** MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT BARBADOS

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

PAGE(S)

Rationale	i -ii
General Objectives	ii
Format of Syllabus	iii
Scope and Sequence	1 - 12
Attainment Targets	13-22
Syllabus – Class 3	23-35

# RATIONALE

Language is pivotal to the development of the individual. For, it is through language that individuals confront, assimilate and communicate experiences. Language also facilitates social and emotional adjustment, contributes to the development of self-esteem and establishes patterns of thinking. The ultimate aim of he Language Arts programme in the primary school is to develop students who are communicatively competent in Standard English, and who, eventually, as a result of this competence, are able to develop into critical and independent thinkers and learners.

Therefore, the development of language proficiency needs to be approached from a procedural perspective, where, instead of just knowing the elements of language, students are provided with myriad opportunities for experiencing language in order that they may use those elements meaningfully and realistically.

A balanced language programme should promote competence in each of the four language arts: listening, speaking, reading and writing, and it should be so structured that the students are able to benefit from the interrelationships that exist among these four processes.

Therefore, the development of language proficiency needs to be approached from a procedural perspective, where, instead of just knowing the elements of language, (declarative) students are provided with myriad opportunities for experiencing language in order that they may use those elements meaningfully and realistically.

In our Caribbean language context however, language skills are the foundation, not only of the development of proficiency in reading and writing, but also for personal social and intellectual growth. An effective language arts programme must, therefore, recognise the need for a strong focus on oral language and literacy development. In the oral language programme there must be opportunities for students to use language for building a bridge which allows for a smooth transition from oral proficiency in the native language, to full communicative competence in Standard English. Having constructed that bridge, the students become more proficient in oral communication using Standard English.

In the early years therefore, much emphasis will be placed on the oral aspect of language learning. This oral base will form the foundation for the development of effective literacy skills in the succeeding years. The literacy programme will be developed through wide and varied exposure to literature. The literature will provide opportunities for seeing the standard language in print and for getting formal practice in using it. In addition, the students will develop a love of language and of reading, while at the same time developing a sensitivity for and an appreciation of life.

More importantly, however, literature will be a major springboard for integration of all the language skills – listening, speaking, reading and writing.

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

- 1. To enable students to understand the spoken word and to develop the ability to express themselves effectively in a variety of speaking and listening activities.
- 2. To develop in students a sense of audience and purpose for the use of language as a means of communication
- 3. To develop in students the ability to read, understand and respond to all types of writing.
- 4. To develop information-retrieval strategies as part of students' study skills, including use of the Internet.
- 5. To assist students in constructing and conveying meaning in written language, matching style to audience and purpose.
- 6. To develop in students the ability to spell correctly, to redraft to improve the effectiveness of a piece of writing, to check final drafts for errors, to write fluently and legibly and to present work clearly appropriately and attractively.
- 7. To help students develop critical thinking skills which can be applied to all areas of learning.

## FORMAT OF SYLLABUS

The Language Arts syllabus is organized according to the guidelines set out for all of the revised syllabuses. The areas are: Topic, Objectives (Skills, Knowledge, Attitude), Suggested Activities, Assessment and Suggested Resources. This format should enable teachers to be able to use the document with facility and immediate reference to the material that is relevant to each topic.

The activities, assessment and suggested resources should assist teachers who have limited experience to plan their lessons more constructively and to align objectives, activities and assessment procedures. This should provide for better teaching and more active learning. The activities are intended to be student-centred and student-directed for the most part. The teacher is in the classroom as a facilitator of the learning process and the manager of that classroom.

Wherever possible, technology is used to enhance teaching and learning and to be integrated into the subject matter of the lessons. Suitable internet sites and learning resource material are identified to assist teachers.

# PRIMARY LANGUAGE ARTS SYLLABUS FOR CLASSES 1, 2, 3 AND 4 SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

Begin teaching skill/concept

✓ Maintain and develop skill/concept taught

		TOPIC		CLAS	SES	
1.	SPE	AKING AND LISTENING	1	2	3	4
	1.1	SPEAKING				
		1.1.1 Oral communication		~	~	$\checkmark$
		1.1.2 Questions – details, sequencing		~	~	✓
		1.1.3 Recounting experiences		~	~	✓
		1.1.4 Reporting		~	✓	✓
		1.1.5 Role play		~	~	✓
		1.1.6 Explanations		~	✓	✓
		1.1.7 Intonation, rate, vocabulary and expression		~	~	✓
		1.1.8 Standard English rules and language appropriate to context		~	✓	✓
2.	LIST	TENING				
	2.1	Attentive				
		2.1.1 Directions and instructions		~	~	✓
		2.1.2 Announcements and introductions		~	✓	✓
		2.1.3 Details, sequence and main idea		~	~	✓

	TOPIC				CLAS	SSES	
				1	2	3	4
		2.1.4	Reproductions and summaries		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	2.2	Respo	onsive/Analytical				
		2.2.1	Interpretation, participation, discussion of issues		~	~	~
		2.2.2	Reasoning, responding, inferencing		~	~	✓
	2.3	Appro	eciative				
		2.3.1	Various types of texts		~	~	✓
		2.3.2	Moods and emotions		✓	~	~
3.1	REA	DING					
	3.1	Word	Attack				
		3.1.1	Word power		✓	~	✓
		3.1.2	Basic sight words, context clues, word meaning		✓	~	✓
		3.1.3	Synonyms, antonyms, homophones, prefixes and suffixes		~	~	✓
		3.1.4	Contractions, blends (three letters etc.) and silent letters		~	~	✓
		3.1.5	Possessives, root words and syllabication		~	~	~
		3.1.6	Dictionary usage		✓	✓	✓

	TOPIC		CLAS	SES	
		1	2	3	4
3.2	Oral Reading		~	~	~
	3.2.1 Decoding of words		~	~	✓
	3.2.2 Volume, pitch, enunciation, phrasing		~	~	~
	3.2.3 Standard English pronunciation		~	~	~
	3.2.4 Efficient eye movement		~	~	~
	3.2.5 Eye voice span		~	~	~
	3.2.6 Breath control, voice control, projection and good rhythm		~	~	~
3.3	Silent Reading				
	3.3.1 Elimination of vocalization				~
	3.3.2 Decoding of words		~	~	✓
	3.3.3 Effective eye phrasing and fluency		~	~	✓
	3.3.4 Coordination of reading rate with comprehension				✓
3.4	Comprehension/interpretation		~	~	✓
	3.4.1 Oral and written directions		~	~	✓
	3.4.2 Graphic information (diagrams, statistics, pictograms)		~	~	~
	3.4.4 Sequence of facts and events, main idea and anticipating outcomes		~	~	✓

TOPIC		CLAS	SSES	
	1	2	3	4
3.4.5 Categorization		✓	✓	~
3.4.6 Cause and effect relationships, making comparisons, inferences and drawing conclusions		~	~	~
3.4.7 Different points of view		✓	✓	~
3.4.8 Evaluations – emotional reactions, likes and dislikes, worth of character, use of language		~	~	~
3.4.9 Story setting, plot and character traits		✓	✓	~
3.4.10 Best summary of a selection, main and supporting details		✓	✓	✓
3.4.11 Moods/feelings, tones of text and author's point of view				✓
3.4.12 Vocabulary – context clues, word meaning and technical terms		✓	✓	~
3.5 Functional Reading				
3.5.1 Alphabetizing of words $1^{st} - 2^{nd}$ letters		✓	$\checkmark$	~
3 <sup>rd</sup> letter		✓	$\checkmark$	~
4 <sup>th</sup> letter		✓	$\checkmark$	~
3.5.2 Locating information using pictures, diagrams, graphs, tables, charts, maps table of contents, index, glossary, dictionary, encyclopedia and computer	, ■	✓	~	✓
3.6 Recreational Reading				
3.6.1 Pleasure, enjoyment		✓	~	✓
3.6.2 Selection of material		✓	✓	$\checkmark$

	TOPIC		CLAS	CLASSES					
		1	2	3	4				
3.7	ORGANISATIONAL								
	3.7.1 Sequencing of facts		✓	✓	$\checkmark$				
	3.7.2 Paragraph with one idea		✓	✓	~				
	3.7.3 Topic sentences – pictures/paragraphs/stories			✓	~				
	3.7.4 Classification of facts/events etc.			✓	~				
	3.7.5 Main and supporting ideas			✓	~				
	3.7.6 Paragraphs structure				~				
	3.7.7 Transitional devices/words		✓	✓	~				
	3.7.8 Outlines		✓	✓	~				
4.1	WRITING: PROCESS								
	4.1.1 Brainstorming		✓	✓	✓				
	4.1.2 Logical Sequence		✓	✓	✓				
	4.1.3 Appropriate and relevant facts and details		✓	✓	✓				
	4.1.4 Self editing		✓	✓	$\checkmark$				
	4.1.5 Peer editing		✓	✓	✓				
	4.1.6 Proof reading		✓	✓	✓				
	4.1.7 Revising		✓	✓	$\checkmark$				
	4.1.8 Publishing		~	✓	$\checkmark$				

		TOPIC		CLAS	SES	
4.2	WRITIN	G: COMMUNICATION				
	4.2.1	Literal understanding of topic		✓	✓	√
	4.2.2	Appropriate and relevant facts and details		~	✓	~
	4.2.3	Organization		~	✓	~
	4.2.4	Narrative, descriptive, expository, argumentative		~	✓	~
	4.2.5	Skits, plays, in Standard English		✓	$\checkmark$	~
	4.2.6	Invitations, praise, requests, sympathy		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	4.2.7	Directions in prose, home to school, making various things		✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4.3	WRITI	NG: CONVENTIONS				
	4.3.1	.3.1 Nouns		✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	4.3.2	Pronouns		~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	4.3.3	Pronouns				
	4.3.4	Capital letters		~	~	~
	4.3.5	Punctuation – full stops, commas, quotation marks		~	~	~
	4.3.6	Complete sentences		~	~	~
	4.3.7	Adjectives and adverbs		~	✓	√
	4.3.8	Link words		~	✓	✓
	4.3.9	Sentence structures – simple, compound, complex		~	✓	✓
	4.3.10	Negative forms		~	~	✓
	4.3.11	Tenses – present, past, future		✓	✓	√

	TOPIC		CLASSES				
		1	2	3	4		
	4.3.12 Accurate spelling		✓	~	~		
	4.3.13 Phonics		✓	~	~		
	4.3.14 Vocabulary		✓	~	~		
	4.3.15 Synonyms and antonyms		✓	~	~		
	4.3.16 Homonyms		✓	~	~		
	4.3.17 Plurals "s" and "es"		✓	~	~		
4.4	Creative/Composition						
	4.4.1 Language experience stories, description of persons, pets, places,		✓	$\checkmark$	~		
	animals, hobbies						
4.5	Expository Writing						
	4.5.1 Class rules, news items, announcements, advertisements and reports		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
	4.5.2 Poetry – Bio poems, colour poems, limericks, post cards			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
	4.5.3 Writing from different perspectives				~		
	4.5.4 Letters-friendly, thanks and invitations		✓	~	✓		
	4.5.5 Reply and excuse		✓	$\checkmark$	~		
4.6	WRITING: PENMANSHIP AND PRESENTATION						
	4.6.1 Regularity of size and shape of letters		~	~	✓		
	4.6.2 Regularity of spacing of letters and words		✓	~	✓		

		TOPIC		CLAS	SSES	
			1	2	3	4
	4.6.	3 Heading work in prescribed manner		~	~	~
	4.6.	4 Margins as required		~	$\checkmark$	✓
5.	SPEI	LING				
	5.1	Basic sight words and key words in other subject areas		~	~	✓
	5.2	Words commonly misspelt / confused, homophones		~	~	✓
6.	GRA	MMAR				
	6.1	Basic sentence with modifiers				
		6.1.1 Subject and verb		✓	✓	✓
		6.1.2 Subject verb complement		✓	✓	✓
		6.1.3 Subject verb indirect object		~	~	✓
		6.1.4 Subject and verb direct object			✓	✓
		6.1.5 Subject verb object complement			✓	~
	6.2	Negative interrogative and imperative declarative			~	~
	6.3	Expanding sentence using single adjective and adverb modifiers		✓	✓	✓
	6.4	Conjunctions – coordinating, subordinating		✓	✓	✓
	6.5	Pronouns – subject and object, relative		~	~	~
	6.6	Nouns – singular, plural, possessive forms		~	✓	~
	6.7	Comparative and superlative forms of adverbs and adjectives		✓	~	~

## LANGUAGE ARTS CURRICULUM

#### ATTAINMENT TARGETS - CLASS 4

#### SPEAKING AND LISTENING

#### Uses speaking and listening skills to communicate effectively

- □ Speak clearly and audibly
- □ Use language appropriate to context
- □ Present information clearly
- □ Speak fluently in recounting experiences
- □ Initiate discussion using sensory data
- □ Ask appropriate questions
- **D** Paraphrase and summarize information shared orally by others
- D Participate in choral speaking and recite poems, rhymes, songs and stories
- Discuss and orally present plans for solving problems
- □ Use increasingly complex sentence structures in oral communication
- Observe and use common courtesies with appropriate register and tone
- Develop and practise the use of eye contact between speaker and listener
- □ Use a variety of tones and stresses in expressing ideas orally
- Communicate situations in full sentences
- □ Simulate conversations/dialogue using standard English
- □ Contribute to group discussion

- □ Listen responsively and respectfully
- **□** Respond appropriately to information given
- **G** Follow oral directions with three or four steps
- □ Respond to the questions of others
- □ Pay attention to the speaker and respond appropriately
- □ Perform actions based on information given
- □ Respond using sensory data
- □ Respond to cues which signal when to begin a response
- □ Listen to build memory

#### **READING: SKILLS AND STRATEGIES**

#### Demonstrates proficiency in basic reading skills and strategies and continues to develop vocabulary and fluency in reading

- □ Use appropriate sight vocabulary to recognise words in isolation as well as in context
- Use a range of decoding systems, e.g. phonetic, syntactic and semantic, to determine pronunciation of words
- Determine the meaning of unknown words using context, glossaries, and dictionaries
- □ Read aloud (at his independent level)
- □ Self-correct when subsequent reading indicates an earlier miscue
- □ Use rhythm, pace and intonation associated with standard English

#### **READING: LITERATURE**

#### Reads extensively and in depth, from a diverse collection of texts and other materials to develop an awareness the connection between literature and life.

- Discuss the qualities of characters
- □ Identify with characters
- **D** Develop simple characterization sketches
- Discuss situations which occur within the literature
- □ Summarize stories
- □ Transform stories read to connect to their own experiences
- □ Identify lessons learnt
- □ Select favourite authors and genres
- **Give simple explanations of differences in genres**
- □ Produce simple pieces of writing based on the literature read

#### **READING: COMPREHENSION**

Reads, comprehends, interprets, and evaluates a wide range of materials appropriate to the instructional level of the class.

- □ Recall details
- **D** Relate what is read to prior knowledge and experience
- □ Identify salient and specific details
- □ Restate ideas in his own words
- □ Identify and state the main idea
- Distinguish between significant and minor details
- □ Explain how something is done
- □ Say why something happens
- □ Use cue words and context clues to understand text
- □ Make, confirm and revise predictions
- □ Summarize the text adequately and accurately
- □ Relate what is read to experiences in other media e.g. films, plays etc
- Define and sequence information needed to carry out a procedure
- □ Use vocabulary to assist in making inferences and drawing conclusions
- Organise information in order to understand the sequence of events
- **D** Draw conclusions from information given
- □ Apply information read to another context

# WRITING: PROCESS

Organises thoughts and information for writing; develops drafts, edits, and revises work as appropriate for audience and purpose.

- □ Brainstorm to generate ideas for writing
- Organise ideas for writing in a logical sequence
- Select appropriate and relevant facts and details
- **D** Remain on topic
- Self edit his own writing
- □ Peer edit the writing of others
- D Proof read for appropriate grammar, spelling and structure
- **D** Revise drafts based on feedback to further develop writing

## WRITING: COMMUNICATION

#### Uses writing to communicate for a variety of purposes and audiences

- Demonstrate literal understanding of the topic
- Develop appropriate facts and details based on the topic
- Organise content appropriately
- □ Maintain a focus
- □ Produce pieces of writing using the four modes of writing
- □ Communicate ideas for a specific purpose e.g. to describe, relate, inform etc
- **D** Produce simple skits and plays using Standard English dialogue
- □ Include a beginning, middle and end
- □ Write appropriate letters e.g. invitation, praise, request, sympathy
- □ Produce simple directions in prose form e.g. from home to school, how to make a cake

## WRITING: CONVENTIONS

Uses the conventions of English grammar appropriate to the purpose of writing and the audience for whom it is intended

- □ use nouns to name people, places and things
- □ replace proper nouns with appropriate subject and object pronouns
- □ capitalize all proper nouns and words at beginning of sentences
- □ use correct punctuation at the end of sentences
- □ use commas to separate items in a list
- □ use commas appropriately in greetings and closures of letters
- □ use commas appropriately in dates
- □ use question marks appropriately
- □ use complete sentences
- □ use simple adjectives and adverbs appropriately
- extend sentences by using adjectives and adverbs
- □ use simple link words to join sentences
- □ use at least three types of sentence structures
- use the negative form in simple and compound sentence structures
- **use the three simple tenses**
- □ use the present continuous tense
- correctly spell basic and other commonly used sight words

- use phonics and word structures to spell more difficult words
- □ use appropriate vocabulary
- □ use synonyms to replace words given
- use antonyms to represent opposite of words given
- □ use simple homonyms in context
- □ use"s' and "es" to form the plural

# WRITING: PENMANSHIP AND PRESENTATION

Uses legible and acceptable handwriting and presents work neatly and within specified parameters

- □ accurately form and consistently size letters
- use a style of writing that is fluent and legible
- observe appropriate spacing between words
- □ head all work in a prescribed manner
- □ leave margins as required

# PRIMARY LANGUAGE ARTS SYLLABUS – CLASS THREE

TOPIC		<b>OBJECTIVES</b>	SUGGESTED	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED
		KILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	ACTIVITIES		RESOURCES
SPEAKING AND LISTENING		sks appropriate questions and respond to e questions of others, participating in either	Show and tell	Observation	• Flash Cards
	sn	nall or large groups	Simulations and role play Modelling by teacher	Checklists	• Tape and Video
		ses appropriate grammar, word choice and acing during formal oral presentations	Model debates	• Peer	Recorder
	-	istens responsively and respectfully to	Collect and share news-paper	• Debates	• Puppets
		hers' point of view	articles describing current events etc.	• Speeches	• Chart
	ap	ses language that is clear, audible, and propriate for communicating to the	Announcements	• Recitations	• Computer & Software
		tended audience	Interview various persons around school	• Presentations	packages
		ses appropriate language and gestures to ngage the listener	Speaking on prepared topics		• Newspapers
		ffectively delivers speeches from history ased on student work or written text	Analysing newspaper articles found in more than one paper		• Language Master
	an	peaks fluently in recounting experiences nd communicates situations using a variety f sentences structures	Modelling speaking that contains no pause fillers Listening to a statement and		<ul> <li>Trade books and Big books</li> </ul>
		lakes judgments after listening to a variety	repeating Treasure hunts		• Posters
	9. Fo	ollows oral directions with four or five eps	Game – Relaying information and carrying out instructions		

ΤΟΡΙΟ		OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
SPEAKING AND LISTENING	10.	Initiates discussion using sensory data	Advertisements (comparing ads with use of descriptive words and graphic	Observation	Flash Cards
	11.	Asks appropriate questions to	illustrations)	Checklists	Tape and Video Recorder
		gain information and maintain or clarify understanding, and	Advertisements to sell product	Peer assessment	Puppets
		responds to the questions of others	Given a collection of related	Debates	Charts
	10		pictures, pupils record on tape a	Speeches	
	12.	Paraphrases and summarizes information of a more detailed nature shared orally by others.	story based on pictures.	Recitations	Computer & Software packages
	13.	Contribute to group discussion.	Choral reading (reading of assigned parts)	Presentations	Newspapers
	14.	Participates in choral speaking	Making charts using names e.g.	Anecdotal Records	Language master Trade books and Big
	14.	and recites poems, rhymes, songs and stories.	Johnny Brown (3 syllable/beats) Son and Mom (3 syllable/beats) Shine on me (3 syllable/beats)	Conferencing	books Posters Advertisements
	15.	Uses more complex sentence structures in oral communication.	Bring me light (3 syllable/beats) Show my way (3 syllable/beats)		Video and audio tapes
	16.	Discusses and orally presents plans for solving problems.	Child relates story read as though he/she is a character		Television Camcorders
					Resource persons

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
	17. Observes and uses common courtesies with appropriate register and tone.	Two children may work together to plan a play to demonstrate good manners. E.g. illustrate ways to disagree in conversation without being discourteous. Participating in situations which highlight the contrast in language		
	<ol> <li>Develops and practices the use of eye contact between speaker and listener.</li> </ol>	structure between the dialect and Standard English Selection of visitors' committee that will greet guests to classroom and explain activities and otherwise act as host		
	19. Pays attention to the speaker and responds appropriately.	Role play – class announcer class debates/discussions		
	20. Uses a variety of tones and stresses in expressing ideas orally.	Panel discussion on important current issues		
	21. Uses body language and gestures to communicate	Skits and plays		

ΤΟΡΙΟ		OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
READING: SKILLS AND	1.	Easily applies reading strategies such as context clues, rereading,	Sample oral reading by good readers	Cloze test	Text books
STRATEGIES		self-correcting, reading with others, predicting, questioning,	Taped Audio and/o0r Video reading	Checklists	Computer
		clarifying and summarizing	Illustrated bookmark with "this part I	Informal reading inventory (grade word	Dictionary
	2.	Dramatises interpretations of readings	like best".	list, oral reading passage)	Newspapers
	3.	Collaborates with others to build text interpretations	Character traits - select trait in particular character and see how	Miscue analysis	Magazines
		-	character has revealed it.	Written exercises	
	4.	Reads longer and/or more difficult texts	Book review Character visit - imaginary visit from a story character to encourage		
	5.	Selects and reads books for recreation	questions such as: How would the character act? What could we do to make him/her feel comfortable. Would our society seem strange etc.		
			Combine the characters. Imagine what would happen if several characters from different stories got together. Describe the meeting		

ΤΟΡΙΟ		OBJCTIVE (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
	6.	Demonstrates proficiency in reading skills and	The Climax – find climax of	Cloze exercises	Text books
		strategies across the curriculum and continues to	story and list the ways the		
		develop vocabulary	author built it.	Written exercises	Audio tape recorder
	7.	Reads aloud at independent level	Change the description		
			Select a descriptive paragraph		VCR
	8.	Uses reading for functional purposes	and rewrite it using		
			synonyms/antonyms for the descriptive words and phrases.		
			Sample oral reading by good readers		
			Taped Audio and/or Video reading		
			Use of selected passages to identify and use words appropriate to class level		
			Use of selected written exercises that teach and reinforce words appropriate to class level		
			Records of group oral readings		

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
READING LITERATURE	<ol> <li>Reads fiction extensively, including self-selected and teacher selected traditional and contemporary literature from a</li> </ol>	Character conversations assume notes of fictional characters and carry on conversations with each other	Book talk presentations Checklists	Tape Recorder Audio tapes
	variety of cultures	File box reviews: Small file box divided	Observation	Language Master
	2. Reads nonfiction extensively, including books, newspapers, magazines, textbooks and visual	into genres such as mystery, biography, animal stories, etc. after book is finished, 3"x5" card area with its title, author and	Peer reviews	Puppets
	media across the curriculum	some sentences describing story (enough to arouse interest but not enough to spoil	Retelling of stories in proper	Text Books
	3. Reads books in depth or book equivalents, such as essays, stories,	story for prospective reader) and a brief evaluation	sequence	Trade Books
	groups of poems, articles or magazines about one issue or subject, or several books by a	Draw venn diagrams to compare book characters	Oral/written exercises after reading	Resource Person
	single writer)	Add a chapter (having read, students write		Magazines
	4. Produces more complex pieces of writing based on the literature read	an additional chapter that involves main character in a new episode).		Story Logs

ΤΟΡΙϹ	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
COMPREHENSION	1. Responds to fiction, including poetry, novels and drama, using critical interpretive and evaluative process	Storyboards/Storymaps showing the setting, characters and main events, with captions explaining the drawing.	Assessment of students Story maps	Charts Checklists
	2 Selects favourite authors and genres	Allow pupils to retell stories Allow pupils to retell stories	Peer assessment of students' oral presentations	Pictures Tape Recorder
	3. Analyses how structure, for example, a play or first-person narrative, contributes to the understanding of text.	Book reports or reviews in which students analyse rather than just retell stories	Assessment of webs and harts created by students	Textbooks Television
	4. Compares and contrasts ways characters solve problems	Oral/Written presentations on selected topics level Identifying main ideas in passages	Assessment of all oral/written presentations	Video Trade Books
	5. Discusses recurring themes across works in print and media	read or information presented orally	r	
	6. Makes inferences and draws conclusions about contexts, events, characters ad settings	Fact/inference - students select newspaper articles about people. Differentiate between factual statements and inferential ones		
	<ol> <li>Supports plausible interpretations with evidence from the text</li> </ol>	Storyboards/Storymaps showing the setting, characters and main events, with captions explaining the drawing		

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES	SUGGESTED	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED
	(SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	ACTIVITIES		RESOURCES
COMPREHENSION	8. Reads nonfiction texts and informational materials to develop understanding and	Lost and found – write lost and found	Assessment of students	Charts
	expertise	advertisements for an object in a story	Storymaps	Checklists
	9. Main ideas: After book or passage has been read everyone describes the main	Book reports or reviews	Peer assessment of students' oral	Pictures
	idea. All comments are listed and validity of each discussed until a	in which students analyse rather than just retell	presentation	Tape Recorder
	consensus is reached.	stories	Assessment of webs and charts created by students	Textbooks
	10. More details: students supply details on an event, drawing on previous	Oral/Written presentations on selected	Assessment of all	Television
	knowledge of character and plot development	topics	oral/written presentations	Video
	11. Makes connections to related topics or real-world situations	Storyboards/Storymaps showing the setting		Trade Books
	12. Headlines: Writing headlines about book, passage, poem etc. read to capture essence of events in a few words.	Oral/Written presentations on selected topics level		
	13. List the details: Listing details given about character, settings, etc			
	14. Photographing the story. Imagine they are photographers assigned to take 3 or 4 pictures of key points in a particular story. Have them write descriptions of the pictures they would take.			

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
WRITING PROCESS	1. Prepare collection of material to spark children's ideas e.g. comic cartoons, photo-graphs, newspaper stories	Field trips to stimulate thoughts and ideas	Self assessment	Tape Recorder
	2. Manipulating and rearranging words and phrases to stimulate imagination	Pupils use checklists and language guides to proof read	Peer assessment	Journals
	3. Collection of particularly good similes, metaphors and books or images in booklets to use during revision.	work Writing of final drafts using	Presentations Checklists	Magazines Newspaper
	books of mages in booklets to use during revision.	suggestions given during conferences	Assessment of	Sequential maps
	4. Proof read their own writing or the writing of others, using dictionaries and other resources.	Paragraph contains errors in spelling, capitalisation and ob	finished product	Rubrics
	5. Prepared scripts containing simple sentences with verbs or verb phrases underlined. Finding of more colourful	punctuation for pupils to proof read and correct.		Checklists
	words to substitute underlined portion. E.g. He <u>bit</u> into the apple. Prepare bulletin board on editing.	Poorly organized paragraphs to be reorganised in correct order		Resource Persons
	6. Peer edits	order		
	7. Keeping in mind, abilities of class, prepare list of their needs in order of importance for bulletin board. Through class discussion, encourage children to establish realistic criteria. Contract with each child for improvement and of a weakness. Proof reads for appropriate grammar, spelling and structure			
	<ol> <li>Revises drafts based on feedback to further develop writing</li> </ol>			

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
WRITING COMMUNICATION	<ol> <li>Write to inform the reader e.g. creating reports or narrative procedures</li> <li>Provide an analysis of the subject</li> <li>Provide information from a variety of sources to develop the subject in some depth</li> <li>Provide some inferences or evaluation of the information</li> <li>Include visuals or graphs a s appropriate to support the text</li> <li>Include visuals or graphs as appropriate to support the text</li> <li>Include visuals or graphs as appropriate to support the text</li> <li>Write to persuade, e.g. create point-of-view pieces or responses to literary works</li> <li>Promote a thoughtful judgement that is interpretative, analytical, evaluative, or reflective</li> </ol>	Use of pictures and other stimulus material relating to children's background experiences for oral and written responses Use of organizational charts Imported tasks – Pupils trace journey of imported object Imported Tales – publics take journey of an imported object	Oral and written reports on tours/trips Discussions and debates Skits and dialogues composes my children	Picture books Resource Persons Text books Educational tours Sample stories and autobiographic

TOPIC	<b>OBJECTIVES</b>	SUGGESTED	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED
	(SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	ACTIVITIES		RESOURCES
	9. Supports the judgment through multiple	Use of pictures and other	Oral and written	Picture books
COMMNICATION	references to text, other works, works	stimulus materials related	reports on tours/trips	
	from other authors, non-print media, or	to children's background		<b>Resource Persons</b>
	personal knowledge	experiences for oral and	Discussions and	
		written responses	debates	Text books
	10. Demonstrate increasing understanding of			
	the literary work	Use of organizational	Skits and dialogues	Educational tours
	-	charts	composes my children	
	11. Writes for self-expression or to entertain			Sample stories and
	by creating poems, fictional narratives,	Brainstorming, then	Journals	autobiographies
	and autobiographical accounts	categorizing ideas		-
			Dairies	Encyclopedia
	12. Uses literary elements such as establishing	Create posters to		
	a situation, plot, point o view, setting,	communicate specific	Observation	Use internet
	conflict and characters with increasing	information		
	facility and detail		Checklists	Text books
	-	Write stories that are		
	13.Uses dialogue with increasing skill	tightly organized with	Portfolios	Book Logs
	c c	identifiable beginning,		C
	14. Uses a variety of literary techniques, such	middle and end	Peer critique	Journals
	as suspense, dialogue, episodes and flash		-	
	back. Use literary elements, such as	Writing of e-mail	Assessment of	Newspaper
	creating a situation, plot, point of view,	material to electronic	students written work	1 1
	setting, conflict and characters, with	pals, items to newspapers		Magazines
	increasing facility and detail	etc.		C
				Periodicals
	15. Writes to tell a story (fictional or			
	autobiographical)			Computer with e-
	0 1 ··· /			mail access
	16 Explore ideas and/or observations			
	1			

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED
	(SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)			RESOURCES
WRITING	17. Maintains a consistent focus	Brainstorming, then categorizing	Journals	Encyclopedia
COMMUNICATION	18. Orient the reader and use relevant and	ideas	Diaries	Use internet
	well chosen detail to elaborate on ideas	Create posters to communicate specific information	Observation	Text books
				Book Logs
	19. Exhibits clear thinking	Write stories, skits and plays after reading stories or about everyday	Checklists	Journals
	20. Analyses ideas by looking at them from more than one angle and/or moving	experiences	Portfolios	Newspaper
	through successively deeper layers of meaning	Write stories that are tightly organised with identifiable	Peer critique	Magazines
		beginning, middle and end.	Assessment of	Periodicals
	21. Writes to persuade the reader, e.g. creating point-of-view pieces or responses to literary works	Writing of e-mail material to electronic pals, items to newspaper etc.	students written work	Computer with e-mail access
	22. Provides supporting evidence through a variety of strategies, such as reference to a text or personal knowledge			
	20. Anticipates the reader's concern or counter arguments			

ΤΟΡΙΟ		OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGES	STED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
WRITING CONVENTIONS	1.	Manages the conventions of written language so that they aid rather than interfere with reading	keeping an and fancifu	s fanciful language – ongoing chart of real Il language (use of add interest)		
	2.	Uses a variety of sentence structures to make their writing effective and interesting	<u>Real</u> Boy	<u>Fanciful</u> Elf		
	3.	Uses paragraph development, placement of text and text structure to hold the reader's attention and to facilitate understanding	Horse Girl	Unicorn Fairy		
	4.	Uses conventional spelling by referring to dictionary or other resources when necessary for less common or troublesome words				
	5.	Uses peer editing, reading and listening to each other's work to suggest ways t make improvement				
	6.	Uses correct punctuation at the end of sentences				
	7.	Uses commas correctly in greetings and dates and words in a series				

ΤΟΡΙΟ	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
WRITING CONVENTIONS	8. Uses complete sentences	Exercises involving the use of synonyms	Oral and written exercises	Text books
	<ul><li>9. Extends sentences using adjectives and adverbs</li><li>10. Uses simple tenses</li></ul>	Exercises involving the use of end punctuation Scenarios and role play	Journals Reports	Reference Book Board Games Computer
	<ol> <li>Uses the present continuous tense</li> <li>Uses manuscript or cursive writing</li> </ol>	involving everyday activities	Portfolios Assessment of	Interactive games
	appropriately	Exercises involving the use of question marks	students written work	Stories
	<ol> <li>13. Leaves margins as required</li> <li>14. Writes postly and leavibly using correct style</li> </ol>	Oral and written exercises	Dictation exercise	Tape recorder
	14. Writes neatly and legibly using correct style, spacing and slant	involving the formation of plurals		Newspaper Magazine
	15. Identifies nouns as words that name people, places and things	Dictation exercise		
	16. Uses connecting words to link simple sentences	Exercises involving the use of <u>cue cards</u> Matching game		
	<ul><li>17. Uses a variety of sentences structures (Subject – Verb – Object, etc.)</li></ul>	Games: e.g. More than one stand up when plural "es" is		
	<ul><li>18. Uses adjective and adverbs appropriately</li><li>19. Uses the negative forms correctly</li></ul>	added and called.		

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE)	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
	20. Uses question marks appropriately	Exercises involving the use of question marks	Assessment of students written	Text books
	21. Correctly spells words identified by teacher	Matching Game	work	Newspaper
	22. Uses phonics to spell more difficult	Dictation exercise	Dictation exercise	Magazines
	words	Game e.g. More than one of <u>cue words</u>		Interactive games
	23. Uses "es" to form plural of certain words	Stand up when plural Where "es" is added is called		Stories
	24. Continues to use resources (e.g. dictionary, thesaurus, etc) to confirm spelling			Tape recorder
	25. Uses words form their oral vocabulary, personal word list and class list			
	26. Uses synonyms to replace words given			
	27. Recognises <u>cue words</u> and understands their function			
	28. Uses paragraphs to organize information and ideas			

TOPIC		OBJECTIVE (SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
WRITING	1.	Accurately forms and consistently	Practice exercises to develop correct	Assessment of	Charts
PENMANSHIP		size letters	formation of letters and numbers	written exercises	
AND					Writing Charts
PRESENTATION	2.	Writes legibly using cursive writing	Pupils transfer skills modeled in writing	Peer/Teacher	
			activities	Conferences to	Writing Samples
	3.	Observes appropriate spacing		discuss writing	
		between words	Modelling of good penmanship by		Writing Boards
			teacher/student		
	4.	Heads al work in a prescribed manner			Appropriate
			Practice exercises involving correct		Writing
	5.	Leaves margins as required	spacing of words		Implements
			Demonstration of correct preparation		
			and presentation of work pages		
			Provide examples of correct page layout		
			to guide students		

# SELECTED RESOURCES RELATED TO EDUCATION

- AskEric <u>askeric@ericir.syr.edu</u>
- Classroom Connect <u>http://www.classroom.net</u>
- Cyberkids (magazine) http://www.mtlake.com/cyberkids
- Gifted and Talented Homepage <u>http://www.eskimo.com/~user/kids.html</u>
- Internet in the Classroom <u>http://www.schnet.edu.au</u>
- <u>www.ascd.org</u>
- edutech2000.gov.bb
- <u>www.learing27.7.com</u>
- <u>www.tomsnyder.com</u> Great Teaching with Technology
- Only The Best ASCD Publication of best software choices
- <u>http://cela.albany.edu</u>
- <u>http://longman.awl.com/englishpages/</u>
- <u>www.inspiration.com</u>
- <u>www.readingonline.org</u>
- <u>www.ncte.org</u>